



**SUMMARY OF TRIBAL SPECIFIC PROVISIONS IN  
H.R. 8467 - FARM, FOOD, AND NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 2024  
AS ADOPTED (INCLUDING AMENDMENTS) BY THE HOUSE AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE ON MAY 24, 2024**

Title I—Commodities	Summary of Tribal Provisions
No Tribal specific provisions.	No Tribal specific provisions.
Title II—Conservation	
<p><b>Subtitle A—Definitions</b> <b>SEC. 2001. DEFINITIONS</b></p> <p>Sec. 1201(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3801(a)) is amended—</p> <p>...</p> <p>(2) in paragraph (14), by striking “term ‘Indian tribe’ has the meaning given the term” and inserting “terms ‘Indian tribe’ and ‘Indian Tribe’ have the meaning given those terms”;</p>	<p><b>Subtitle A—Definitions</b> <b>SEC. 2001. DEFINITIONS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Amends to mirror language used in the Indian Self-Determination and Education Act at 25 USC 5304(e).</li> </ul>
Subtitle B—Conservation Reserve Program SEC	Subtitle B—Conservation Reserve Program SEC



<p><b>2101. DEFINITIONS.</b></p> <p>Subchapter B of chapter 1 of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831 et seq.) is amended by inserting before section 1231 the following:</p> <p>“SEC. 1230. DEFINITIONS</p> <p>...</p> <p>“(6) ELIGIBLE PARTNER.—The term ‘eligible partner’ means</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“(A) a State;</li> <li>“(B) a political subdivision of a State;</li> <li>“(C) an Indian Tribe; or</li> <li>“(D) a nongovernmental organization</li> </ul>	<p><b>2101. DEFINITIONS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Makes Tribes eligible partners across all CRP programs.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle D—Conservation Stewardship Program</b> <b>SEC. 2303. STATE ASSISTANCE FOR SOIL HEALTH.</b></p> <p>Subchapter B of chapter 4 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–21 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:</p> <p><b>“Sec. 1204L-2. State Assistance for Soil Health.</b></p> <p>“(a)Definitions- In this section:</p> <p>“(1) Eligible Indian Tribe- The term “eligible Indian Tribe” means an Indian Tribe that is –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“(A) Implementing a soil health program for the area over which the Indian Tribe has jurisdiction; and</li> <li>“(B)Meeting or exceeding performance measures established by the Indian Tribe for the soil health program</li> </ul> <p>...</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Conservation Stewardship Program</b> <b>SEC. 2303. STATE ASSISTANCE FOR SOIL HEALTH.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Makes Tribes eligible entities to participate in soil health program. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ States and Tribes with climate action plans that include soil health provisions will be prioritized.</li> <li>○ Grants must not supplant other funding; grants capped at \$5M or 75% of the total cost, whichever is lower.</li> <li>○ Tribe may be incorporated into a State’s application at Tribe’s discretion.</li> <li>○ Annual audits required; non-compliance will disqualify from future grants in this section.</li> <li>○ Administrative costs are capped at 7%.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



“(b) Availability and Purpose of Grants- For fiscal years 2025 through 2029, the Secretary shall make grants to eligible States and eligible Indian Tribes for the purpose of improving soil health on agricultural lands through the implementation of State and Tribal soil health programs

“(c) Applications-

(1) IN GENERAL.—To receive a grant under this section, an eligible State or eligible Indian Tribe shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such a manner, and containing such information as the Secretary shall require, which shall include—

“(A) a description of performance measures to be used to evaluate the State or Tribal soil health program and the results of any activities carried out using grant funds received under this section; and

“(B) an assurance that grant funds received under this section will supplement the expenditure of State or Tribal funds in support of soil health, rather than replace such funds.

“(2) TRIBAL OPTION.—An Indian Tribe shall have the option, at the sole discretion of the Indian Tribe, to be incorporated into the application of an eligible State.

“(d) PRIORITY.—In making grants under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to eligible States and eligible Indian Tribes with a climate action plan that includes soil health, as determined by the Secretary.

“(e) GRANTS.—

(1) AMOUNT.—The amount of a grant to an eligible State or eligible Indian Tribe under this section for a fiscal year may not exceed the lower of—

(A) \$5,000,000; or



(B) as applicable—

“(i) 50 percent of the cost of implementing the State soil health program in the fiscal year; or 75

percent of the cost of implementing the Tribal soil health program in the fiscal year.

(2) TERM.—A grant under this section shall be for 1 year, and may be renewed annually.

(f) AUDITS AND REVIEWS.—An eligible State or eligible Indian Tribe receiving a grant under this section shall submit to the Secretary

(1) for each year for which the State or Indian Tribe receives such a grant, the results of an audit of the expenditures of the grant funds; and

(2) at such intervals as the Secretary shall establish, a review and evaluation of the State or Tribal soil health program.

(g) EFFECT OF NONCOMPLIANCE.—If the Secretary, after reasonable notice to an eligible State or eligible Indian Tribe receiving a grant under this section, finds that the State or Indian Tribe has failed to comply with the terms of the grant, the Secretary may disqualify, for 1 or more years, the State or Indian Tribe from receipt of future grants under this section.

(h) FUNDING.—Of the funds made available to carry out this subchapter, \$100,000,000 shall be available in each of fiscal years 2025 through 2029 to carry out this



<p>section.</p> <p>(i) ADMINISTRATION.</p> <p>(1) DEPARTMENT.—The Secretary may not use more than 3 percent of the funds made available to carry out this section for a fiscal year for administrative expenses.</p> <p>(2) STATES OR INDIAN TRIBES.—An eligible State or eligible Indian Tribe receiving a grant under this section may not use more than 7 percent of the granted funds for a fiscal year for administrative expenses.</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle E—OTHER CONSERVATION PROGRAMS</b>  <b>SEC. 2404. VOLUNTARY PUBLIC ACCESS AND HABITAT INCENTIVE PROGRAM</b></p> <p>Section 1240R(f) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb–5(f)) is amended to read as follows:</p> <p>“(f) FUNDING.—</p> <p>‘(1) MANDATORY FUNDING.—Of the funds made available under section 1241(a)(3)(A), the Secretary shall use to carry out this section \$150,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2025 through 2029.</p> <p>(2) ENHANCED PUBLIC ACCESS TO WETLAND RESERVE EASEMENTS.—To the maximum extent practicable, of the funds made available under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall use \$3,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2025 through 2029 to encourage public access to land covered by wetland reserve easements under section 1265C through agreements with States and Tribal governments under this section</p>	<p><b>Subtitle E—OTHER CONSERVATION PROGRAMS</b>  <b>SEC. 2404. VOLUNTARY PUBLIC ACCESS AND HABITAT INCENTIVE PROGRAM</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Renews funding for public access to lands covered by wetland reserve easements under Voluntary Public Access/Habitat Incentive Program.</li> <li>○ Tribal eligibility was authorized under previous Farm Bill provisions and is unchanged.</li> </ul>



<p><b>Subtitle E—OTHER CONSERVATION PROGRAMS SEC. 2407. EMERGENCY WATERSHED PROGRAM.</b></p> <p>(a) FLOODPLAIN EASEMENTS.—Section 403(b) of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2203(b)) is amended—</p> <p>(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as paragraphs (5) and (6);</p> <p>(2) by inserting after the subsection header the following:</p> <p>“(1) EASEMENT RESTORATION.—The Secretary is authorized to restore appropriate vegetative cover, hydrological functions, and other functions and values of the land subject to a floodplain easement acquired under subsection (a).</p> <p>“(2) EASEMENT MAINTENANCE.—The Secretary is authorized to monitor, maintain, and enhance appropriate vegetative cover, hydrological restoration measures, and other restoration measures on land subject to a floodplain easement acquired under subsection (a).</p> <p>“(3) CONTRACTS AND AGREEMENTS.—In carrying out paragraphs (1) and (2), the Secretary may—</p> <p>“(A) enter into contracts with landowners; and</p> <p>“(B) enter into agreements with States, nongovernmental organizations, and Indian Tribes.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle E—OTHER CONSERVATION PROGRAMS SEC. 2407. EMERGENCY WATERSHED PROGRAM.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Authorizes the Secretary to enter into contracts with landowners and agreements with states, non-governmental organizations, and Indian Tribes to restore appropriate vegetative cover, hydrological functions, and other functions and values of land subject to a floodplain easement acquired under the emergency watershed program.</li> <li>○ The Secretary may also monitor, maintain and enhance appropriate vegetative cover, hydrological restoration, and other restoration measures on land subject to a floodplain easement acquired under the program.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle F—FUNDING AND ADMINISTRATION SEC. 2503. DELIVERY OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.</b></p> <p>(a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 1242(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3842(a)) is amended—</p>	<p><b>Subtitle F—FUNDING AND ADMINISTRATION SEC. 2503. DELIVERY OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Adds the authority for states and Tribes to be a non-federal certifying entity for third-party technical assistance certification.</li> </ul>



(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and  
(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:  
“(2) NON-FEDERAL CERTIFYING ENTITY.—The term ‘non-Federal certifying entity’ means a non-Federal entity, an Indian Tribe, or a State agency described in subparagraph (B), (C), or (D) of subsection (e)(4) that has entered into an agreement under subsection (e)(5)(D).”.

...  
d) CERTIFICATION OF THIRD-PARTY PROVIDERS.—  
Section 1242(e) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3842(e)) is amended—

...  
‘(4) CERTIFICATION.—A third-party provider may be certified to provide technical assistance under this section only

...  
“(C) by an Indian Tribe approved by the Secretary under paragraph (5) to certify a third-party provider; or  
‘(6) TRANSPARENCY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Farm, Food, and National Security Act of 2024, and periodically thereafter, the Secretary shall make publicly available information on—

...  
‘(B) the certification process under this section, including

...  
“(iii) the number of third-party providers certified by non-Federal certifying entities (other than State Agencies and Indian Tribes);  
“(iv) the number of third-party providers certified by Indian Tribes;

- Requires that the Secretary make public numbers related to how many Tribes that have been certified as a non-federal certifying entity and how many third-party technical service providers (TSPs) Tribes have certified with that authority.
- Provides authorization to certify TSPs; does not provide funding authorization.



**Subtitle G—CONSERVATION AGRICULTURAL EASEMENT PROGRAM**  
**SEC. 2602. AGRICULTURAL LAND EASEMENTS.**

...

**(b) COST-SHARE ASSISTANCE.—**

**(1) SCOPE OF ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE.—**Section 1265B(b)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865b(b)(2)) is amended—

(A) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) FEDERAL SHARE.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—An agreement described in paragraph (4) shall provide for a Federal share determined by the Secretary of an amount not to exceed 65 percent of the fair market value of the agricultural land easement, as determined by the Secretary using—

“(I) the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice;

“(II) an areawide market analysis or survey; or

“(III) another industry-approved method.

“(ii) SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED FARMERS AND RANCHERS EXCEPTION.—In the case of eligible land with respect to which a socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher holds an ownership interest of not less than 50 percent, the Secretary may provide an amount not to exceed 90 percent of the fair market value of the agricultural land easement.

...

**(2) EVALUATION AND RANKING OF APPLICATIONS.**

— Section 1265B(b)(3) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865b(b)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

**Subtitle G—CONSERVATION AGRICULTURAL EASEMENT PROGRAM**  
**SEC. 2602. AGRICULTURAL LAND EASEMENTS.**

- Provides for a 90% fair market value federal cost share (over the standard 65% cost share) on agriculture land easements to socially disadvantaged producers which includes American Indians, Alaska Natives and Native Hawaiian farmers and ranchers where the farmer or rancher holds a 50% or greater ownership interest.
- Allows the Secretary to create separate pool for socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers for evaluation and ranking.





“(F) POOLING OF APPLICATIONS.—The Secretary may evaluate and rank applications submitted by eligible entities for the purchase of agricultural land easements from landowners who are socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers separately from applications submitted for the purchase of agricultural land easements from other landowners.”

**Subtitle G—CONSERVATION AGRICULTURAL EASEMENT PROGRAM**  
**SEC. 2603. WETLAND RESERVE EASEMENTS.**

(a) EASEMENTS.—Section 1265C(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865c(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(D), by striking “tribes” and inserting “Tribes and landowners who are socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers”; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (3)(C) the following:  
“(D) POOLING OF APPLICATIONS.—The Secretary may evaluate and rank offers from landowners who are socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers separately from offers from other landowners.”.

...  
(d) ASSISTANCE.—Subsection (e) of section 1265C of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865c), as so redesignated, is amended—

(1) in the header, by striking “TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE” and inserting “ASSISTANCE”; and

(2) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:  
“(2) CONTRACTS OR AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may enter into 1 or more contracts or agreements with a

**Subtitle G—CONSERVATION AGRICULTURAL EASEMENT PROGRAM**  
**SEC. 2603. WETLAND RESERVE EASEMENTS.**

- Updates statutory language from “tribes” to “Tribes” and adds “landowners who are socially disadvantaged, farmers or ranchers,” allowing both to enroll land into 30-year contracts for wetlands reserve easements.
- Allows Secretary to create separate pool for socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers for evaluation and ranking.
- Authorized Secretary to enter into contracts or agreements with Tribes.
  - Previously, the language only authorized the Secretary to enter into contracts with private entities and agreements with all other parties (Federal state or local agency, Tribes, and non-governmental organizations).



<p>Federal, State, or local agency, a non- governmental organization, an Indian Tribe, or a private entity to carry out necessary restoration, enhancement, maintenance, repair, assessment, or monitoring of a wetland reserve easement if the Secretary determines that the contract or agreement will advance the purposes of the program.”</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle I—Forest Conservation Easement Program</b>  <b>“SEC. 1267. ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSES.</b>  “(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a forest conservation easement program for the conservation and restoration of eligible land and natural resources through the acquisition of conservation easements or other interests in land.  “(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the program are—  “(1) to protect the viability and sustainability of working forest land, and related conservation values of eligible land, by limiting the negative effects of non-forest land uses of such land;  “(2) to protect and enhance forest ecosystem and landscape functions and values;  “(3) to promote the restoration, protection, and improvement of habitat of species that are threatened, endangered, or otherwise at risk; and  “(4) to carry out the purposes and functions of the healthy forests reserve program established under title V of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6571 et seq.), as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this section.  ...  <b>SEC. 1267A. DEFINITIONS.</b>  “‘In this subtitle:</p>	<p><b>Subtitle I—Forest Conservation Easement Program</b>  <b>“SEC. 1267. ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSES.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Establishes new Forest Conservation Easement Program(FCEP), as defined to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Trust lands;</li> <li>○ Restricted lands;</li> <li>○ Lands subject to Tribal rights of use;</li> <li>○ Tribally owned fee land;</li> <li>○ Land held by Section 17 corporations;</li> <li>○ Land owned by ANCs pursuant to ANSCA, and</li> <li>○ any combo of the above.</li> </ul> </li> <li>○ Authorizes an agency of a Tribe - including a land resource council established under state law - to participate.</li> <li>○ Indian lands as defined above are eligible for FCEP so long as it is <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Forest land;</li> <li>○ Land being restored to forest designation</li> <li>○ A forest land easement that could protect working forests and conservation efforts;</li> <li>○ Further a state/local policy consistent with the program; or</li> <li>○ Is a forest reserve easement that will improve the recovery or well-being of certain at-risk species</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



**“(1) ACREAGE OWNED BY AN INDIAN TRIBE**

The term ‘acreage owned by an Indian Tribe’ means—

“(A) land that is held in trust by the United States for Indian Tribes or individual Indians;

“(B) land, the title to which is held by Indian Tribes or individual Indians subject to Federal restrictions against alienation or encumbrance;

“(C) land that is subject to rights of use, occupancy, and benefit of certain Indian Tribes;

“(D) land that is held in fee title by an Indian Tribe;

“(E) land that is owned by a native corporation formed under—

“(i) section 17 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (commonly known as the ‘Indian Reorganization Act’) (25 U.S.C. 5124); or

“(ii) section 8 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1607); and

“(F) a combination of 1 or more types of land described in subparagraphs (A) through (E).

**“(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—**The term ‘eligible entity means—

“(A) an agency of State or local government or an Indian Tribe (including a land resource council established under State law);

...

**“(3) ELIGIBLE LAND.—**The term ‘eligible land’ means private land or acreage owned by an Indian Tribe—

“(A) that is—

“(i) forest land; or

“(ii) being restored to forest land;

“(B) in the case of a forest land easement—

“(i) the enrollment of which would

- Clarifies “socially disadvantaged” in this subtitle is the same definition as U.S.C. 2279(a).



<p>protect working forests and related conservation values by conserving land; or</p> <p>“(ii) the protection of which will further a State or local policy consistent with the purposes of the program; and</p> <p>“(C) in the case of a forest reserve easement, the enrollment of which will maintain, restore, enhance, or otherwise measurably—</p> <p>“(i) increase the likelihood of recovery of a species that is listed as endangered or threatened under section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1533); or</p> <p>“(ii) improve the well-being of a species that is—</p> <p>“(I) not listed as endangered or threatened under that section; and</p> <p>“(II)(aa) a candidate for that listing, a State-listed species, or a special concern species; or</p> <p>“(bb) designated as a species of greatest conservation need by a State wildlife action plan.</p> <p>...</p> <p>“(8) SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED FOREST LANDOWNER.—The term ‘socially disadvantaged forest landowner’ means a forest landowner who is a member of a socially disadvantaged group (as defined in section 2501(a) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 2279(a))).</p> <p>....</p>	
<p><b>Title III—Trade</b></p>	
<p>No Tribal specific provisions.</p>	<p>No Tribal specific provisions.</p>



Title IV—Nutrition	
<p><b>Subtitle A—Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program</b>  <b>SEC. 4102. FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS.</b></p> <p>(a) SELF-DETERMINATION FOR SNAP—Title I of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5321 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:</p> <p><b>“SEC. 112. SELF-DETERMINATION FOR SNAP.</b>  <b>“(a) AGRICULTURE SELF-DETERMINATION AUTHORIZED.—</b>The Secretary of Agriculture shall enter into self determination contracts, in accordance with subsection (b), with Indian Tribes and Tribal organizations, on the request of any Indian Tribe by Tribal resolution, to plan, conduct, and administer any function, service, or activity of the supplemental nutrition assistance program established under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) section 4(b) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2013(b)) for the Indian Tribe.</p> <p><b>“(b) SELF-DETERMINATION CONTRACT.—</b>A self-determination contract entered into under subsection (a) shall have the same terms and conditions, and be subject to the same procedures, regulations, and requirements, as a self-determination contract entered into under section 102, except that the Secretary of Agriculture and the Department of Agriculture shall be the appropriate Secretary and agency for purposes of a self-determination contract entered into under subsection (a).</p> <p><b>“(c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—</b>The Office of Self-</p>	<p><b>Subtitle A—Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program</b>  <b>SEC. 4102. FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The original text as drafted expands 638 self-determination contracting to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program.</li> <li>○ Note: this provision directly amends ISDEAA.</li> <li>○ Requires the Office of Self-Governance at Bureau of Indian Affairs to provide technical assistance.</li> <li>○ Authorizes funding through 2029.</li> <li>○ The managers amendment agreed to by voice vote during the markup: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Strikes “Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.)” and inserts “section 4(b) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2013(b))”. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq. authorizes SNAP.</li> <li>▪ 7 U.S.C. 2013(b) authorizes FDPIR.</li> </ul> </li> <li>○ Strikes “2013(b)(5)(E)” and inserts “2013(b)(6)(E)”. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 7 U.S.C. 2013(b)(6)(E) authorizes funding for FDPIR.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>



<p>Governance of the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall provide technical assistance regarding the self-determination contracts authorized under this section to —</p> <p>“(1) the Secretary of Agriculture; and “(2) Indian Tribes and Tribal organizations that request that assistance.”.</p> <p>“(2) Indian Tribes and Tribal organizations that request that assistance.”.</p> <p>(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Section 4(b)(6)(E) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (U.S.C. <del>2013(b)(5)(E)</del> <b>2013(b)(6)(E)</b>) is amended by striking “2023” and inserting “2029”.</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle A—Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program SEC. 4109. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF STATE PLANS.</b></p> <p>Section 11(d) of the Food and Nutrition Act (7 6 U.S.C. 2020(d)) is amended by inserting after the 1st sentence the following: “The Secretary shall maintain a publicly available data base of the parts of each State agency approved plan of operation in accordance with criteria established by the Secretary not later than 180 days after the enactment of the Farm, Food, and National Security Act of 2024.”.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle A—Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program SEC. 4109. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF STATE PLANS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Mandates USDA to publish updated, publicly accessible State SNAP agency operation plans, which could include State consultation efforts with Tribal nations.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle A—Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program SEC. 4204. COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM DEMONSTRATION PROJECT FOR TRIBAL ORGANIZATIONS.</b></p> <p>(a) DEMONSTRATION PROJECT FOR TRIBAL ORGANIZATIONS.—</p> <p>(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:</p> <p>“(A) DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.—The term ‘demonstration project’ means the demonstration project established under paragraph</p>	<p><b>Subtitle A—Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program SEC. 4204. COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM DEMONSTRATION PROJECT FOR TRIBAL ORGANIZATIONS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Authorizes 638 self-determination demonstration project for the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CSFP).</li> <li>○ Eligible Tribes/Tribal organizations must already administer the food distribution program and have capacity to purchase agricultural commodities at the scale necessary and meet any other criteria determined</li> </ul>



(2).”.

(A) **FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM.**—The term “food distribution program” means the commodity supplemental food program identified in section 4 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note; Public Law 93–86).

(B) **INDIAN RESERVATION.**—The term “Indian reservation” has the meaning given the term “reservation” in section 3 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012).

(C) **INDIAN TRIBE.**—The term “Indian Tribe” has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).

(D) **SELF-DETERMINATION CONTRACT.**— The term “self-determination contract” has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304) with modification as determined by the Secretary.

(E) **TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.**—The term “Tribal organization” has the meaning given the term in section 3 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012).

(2) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall establish a demonstration project under which 1 or more Tribal organizations may enter into self-determination contracts to purchase agricultural commodities under the food distribution program for the Indian reservation of that Tribal organization.

(3) **ELIGIBILITY.**—

(A) **CONSULTATION.**—The Secretary shall consult with Indian Tribes to determine the process and criteria under which a Tribal organization may participate in the

by USDA in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and Indian tribes.

- Directs USDA to consult on how best to determine the process and criteria for Tribal participation in the demonstration projects.
- Mandates Tribal-purchased commodities purchased by under the demonstration product be domestically produced.
- Purchase cannot cause an increase in the amount of food in existing food package compared to the amount of food that the Secretary authorized under CSFP’s Guide Rate.
- Commodities must be of similar or higher nutritional value of those being supplanted in the existing food package.
- Allows for the procurement of foods of “Tribal significance to that Indian Tribe.”
- Authorizes \$5 million until expended.
- Requires Secretary to annually submit to House Agriculture Committee and Senate Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry Committee a report describing the demonstration project’s activities, beginning one year after funds appropriated.
- Requires Secretary to appoint an existing USDA office to administer Tribal self-determination contracts to include awarding of FNS self-determination contracts to selected Tribal organizations and hiring contract officers and program staff to manage the selection of Tribal organizations and the contracts’ execution.
- Authorizes \$1.2 million annually for fiscal years 2025-2029 for contract officers and other administrative costs.



demonstration project.

(B) CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall select for participation in the demonstration project Tribal organizations that— (i) are successfully administering the food distribution program of the Tribal organization under section 4(b)(2)(B) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note);

...

(ii) have the capacity to purchase agricultural commodities in accordance with paragraph (4) for the food distribution program of the Tribal organization; and  
(iii) meet any other criteria determined by the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and Indian tribes.

(4) PROCUREMENT OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.—Any agricultural commodities purchased by a Tribal organization under the demonstration project shall—

(A) be domestically produced;

(B) not result in a material increase in the amount of food in the food package of that Tribal organization compared to the amount of food that the Secretary authorized to be provided through the Commodity Supplemental Food Program Guide Rate;

(C) be of similar or higher nutritional value as the type of agricultural commodities that would be supplanted in the existing food package for that Tribal organization or be an agricultural commodity with Tribal significance to that Indian Tribe; and

(D) meet any other criteria determined by the Secretary.

(5) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which funds are appropriated under paragraph (6) and annually





thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report describing the activities carried out under the demonstration project during the preceding year.

(6) FUNDING.— (A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection \$5,000,000, to remain available until expended.

...

(B) APPROPRIATIONS IN ADVANCE.—Only funds appropriated under subparagraph (A) in advance specifically to carry out this subsection shall be available to carry out this subsection.

(b) ADMINISTRATION OF TRIBAL SELF-DETERMINATION CONTRACTS.—

(1) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary shall appoint an existing office of the United States Department of Agriculture to administer Tribal self-determination contracts to include but not limited to:

(A) awarding of Food and Nutrition Service nutrition program self-determination contracts to selected Tribal organizations; and (B) hiring contract officers and program staff in order to manage the selection of Tribal organizations and execution of self-determination contracts.

...

(2) STAFFING MINIMUM FUNDING.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is authorized to be appropriated \$1,200,000 for each of fiscal 4 years 2025 through 2029 for the payment of Department contract officers and program staff salaries and benefits.



**Subtitle C—Miscellaneous**  
**SEC. 4302. FOOD BOX PILOT PROGRAM.**

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Administrator of the Agricultural Marketing Service and in consultation with the Food and Nutrition Service, shall—

(1) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the Farm, Food, and National Security Act of 2024—

(A) establish a pilot program for the purpose of procuring and distributing foods from the categories of staple foods listed in section 3(q) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7U.S.C. 2012(q)) that align with dietary patterns as defined in the most recent Dietary Guidelines for Americans; and

(B) publish guidance for participation in such program; and

(2) not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of the Farm, Food, and National Security Act of 2024, enter into contracts with eligible entities to carry out not more than 20 pilot projects under such program.

...

(e) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—In this section the term “eligible entity” includes—(3) recipient and nonprofit organizations with expertise in management or administration of food distribution, including—(B) Tribal organizations that distribute food or meals;

(f) FUNDING.—Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall make available to carry out this section \$100m for each of fiscal years 2025 and 2026 to remain available until expended.

**Subtitle C—Miscellaneous**  
**SEC. 4302. FOOD BOX PILOT PROGRAM.**

- Establishes a food box pilot project under USDA Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) – in partnership with USDA Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) – to procure and distribute staple foods defined in the most recent [Dietary Guidelines for Americans](#).
- Limits to a maximum 20 pilot projects
- Tribal organizations that already distribute food or meals are eligible.
- Authorizes funding for pilot projects and administration of \$100 million annually from Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) for fiscal years 2025-2026.



**Subtitle C—Miscellaneous**  
**SEC. 4306. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE GUS SCHUMACHER NUTRITION INCENTIVE PROGRAM.**

Section 4405 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 7517) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by amending subparagraph (C) to read as follows:

“(C) FEDERAL SHARE.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii) and subparagraph (D)(iii), the Federal share of the cost of carrying out an activity under this subsection shall not exceed 50 percent of the total cost of the activity.”

(ii) WAIVER FOR PERSISTENT POVERTY COUNTIES.—The Secretary may waive the application of clause (i) in the case of an activity carried out in a county that, during the preceding 30-year period has had a population of which greater than or equal to 20 percent of such population are living in poverty (as measured by the most recent decennial censuses).”; and (B) in paragraph (2)(B)—

...

“(6) TRANSITION TO HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES.—

“(A) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the Farm, Food, and National Security Act of 2024, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall issue recommendations to Congress on how to transition the produce prescription program established under this subsection to the Department of Health and Human Services to be administered by the Secretary of Health and Human Services. In developing these recommendations, the

**Subtitle C—Miscellaneous**  
**SEC. 4306. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE GUS SCHUMACHER NUTRITION INCENTIVE PROGRAM.**

- Reauthorizes the Gus Schumacher Nutrition Incentive Program (GUSNIP)
- 2018 Farm Bill clarified that Tribes can use other federal funds as a matching requirement for this program.
- Approves waiver authority for persistent poverty counties that in the preceding 30-years had 20 percent or more of the population living in poverty as measured by the census.
- Directs USDA and Health and Human Services (HHS) to consult and within two years issue recommendations to Congress about the transition of GUSNIP’s administration to HHS
- Requires U.S. Comptroller General to within 18 months submit report to House Committees on Agriculture, and Energy and Commerce, that examines policy options relating to the transition of the produce prescription program established under this subsection to the Department of Health and Human Services



<p>Secretary and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall consider the policy option described in the Comptroller General report described in subparagraph (B).</p> <p>(B) COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the Farm, Food, and National Security Act of 2024, the Comptroller General of the United States shall finalize and submit to the United States House of Representatives Committees on Agriculture, and Energy and Commerce, a report that examines policy options relating to the transition of the produce prescription program established under this subsection to the Department of Health and Human Services to be administered by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle C—Miscellaneous</b>  <b>SEC. 4309. MICRO-GRANTS FOR FOOD SECURITY.</b></p> <p>Section 4206(g)(1) of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (7 U.S.C. 7518(g)(1)) is amended by striking “\$10,000,000” and inserting “\$30,000,000”.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle C—Miscellaneous</b>  <b>SEC. 4309. MICRO-GRANTS FOR FOOD SECURITY.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Increases funding in amendatory bill language to \$30 million. Micro-grants include Alaska Native Indian Tribes, Tribal organizations, Tribal colleges/universities and other Tribal entities as eligible recipients.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Title V - Credit</b></p>	
<p><b>Subtitle A—Farm Ownership Loans</b>  <b>SEC. 5107. HEIRS PROPERTY.</b></p> <p>Section 302(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural 21 Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1922(a)) is amended—</p> <p>...</p> <p>“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall enter into</p>	<p><b>Subtitle A—Farm Ownership Loans</b>  <b>SEC. 5107. HEIRS PROPERTY.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Defines of “limited resource heir” is one where the heir’s property is on a socially vulnerable area as determined by Centers on Disease Control and Prevention</li> </ul>



<p>cooperative agreements with eligible entities to provide legal or accounting services to underserved heirs, at no cost to the underserved heirs, to assist in resolving undivided ownership interests on farmland or forest land, or land transitioning to farmland or forest land, that has multiple owners. Such a cooperative agreement must be for any of the following purposes:</p> <p>...</p> <p>“(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:</p> <p>...</p> <p>“(B) LIMITED RESOURCE HEIR. —An heir shall be considered a limited resource heir for purposes of this subsection if—</p> <p>...</p> <p>“(ii) the property of the heir for which legal services are provided pursuant to a cooperative agreement entered into under this subsection is in a persistent poverty community, as determined annually on the basis of data from the Department of Commerce, or a socially vulnerable area, as designated by the Centers on Disease Control and Prevention.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Creates program authorizing third party service providers via cooperative agreement to assist heirs in resolving undivided ownership interests (like fractionation) for transitioning or maintaining land in agricultural production and increase participation in USDA programs.</li> <li>○ Socially Disadvantaged group members which include Tribal members are eligible to receive services.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle E—Miscellaneous</b>  <b>SEC. 5506. STATE AGRICULTURAL MEDIATION PROGRAMS.</b></p> <p>(a) DEFINITION OF STATE.—Section 501 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1987 (7 U.S.C. 5101) is amended by adding at the end the following:</p> <p>“(e) DEFINITION OF STATE.—In this title, the term ‘State’ has the meaning given the term in section 1404 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977, and includes any Indian tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and</p>	<p><b>Subtitle E—Miscellaneous</b>  <b>SEC. 5506. STATE AGRICULTURAL MEDIATION PROGRAMS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Makes federally recognized Tribes, Alaska Native villages and Alaska Native Corporations eligible for funding to provide Agricultural Mediation Programs to persons involved in agricultural loans</li> </ul>



Education Assistance Act).”	
<b>Title—VI Rural Development</b>	
<p><b>Subtitle B—Connecting Rural Americans to High Speed Broadband</b>  <b>6206. PUBLIC NOTICE, ASSESSMENTS, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.</b></p> <p>Section 701 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 4 (7 U.S.C. 950cc) is amended—</p> <p>...</p> <p>e) <b>BROADBAND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM</b>  <b>(1) IN GENERAL.</b>—The Secretary shall make grants to private, nonprofit, or public organizations to provide or receive eligible entities broadband technical assistance and training to expand access to broadband service in rural communities through the broadband programs of the Department of Agriculture including—</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">“(A) preparing applications for grants, loans and loan guarantees under this section;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">“(B) identifying resources to finance broadband facilities from public and private sources, including other Federal agencies;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">“(C) preparing feasibility studies, financial forecasts, market surveys, environmental studies, and technical design information to support broadband services;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">“(D) preparing reports and surveys necessary to support the need for broadband services, the price range, and request financial assistance;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">“(E) analyzing and improving operations related to the management, including financial management, of</p>	<p><b>Subtitle B—Connecting Rural Americans to High Speed Broadband</b>  <b>6206. PUBLIC NOTICE, ASSESSMENTS, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Makes Federally Recognized Tribes, Tribal Entities and Tribal Colleges and Universities eligible for assistance under the program.</li> <li>○ Assistance includes grants to certain entities to receive broadband technical assistance and training in rural areas.</li> <li>○ Assistance can cover: preparing applications, identifying financial resources, preparing feasibility studies, preparing reports necessary for broadband, and analyzing operations related to management of broadband, among other things.</li> </ul>



<p>broadband facilities and to the efficiency of the entity;  “(F) collecting broadband infrastructure data; or “(G) assisting with other areas of need identified by the Secretary.  “(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To be eligible to obtain assistance under this subsection, an entity shall be—  “(A) a federally recognized tribe or tribal entity;</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle C—Miscellaneous</b>  <b>SEC. 6301. RURAL ENERGY SAVINGS PROGRAM.</b></p> <p>Section 6407 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8107a) is amended—  (1) in subsection (b)—  (A) in paragraph (1)—  (i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “, if the entity continues to serve rural areas (as defined in section 343(a)(13)(A) 6 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991(a)(13)(A))” before the semicolon;  (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking “or” at the end:  and  (iii) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (E) and inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:  “(C) any Indian Tribe (as defined in section of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)</p>	<p><b>Subtitle C—Miscellaneous</b>  <b>SEC. 6301. RURAL ENERGY SAVINGS PROGRAM.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Includes Tribes as eligible entities for this program designed to help rural families and small businesses achieve cost savings by providing loans to qualified consumers to implement durable cost-effective energy efficiency measures including replacement of manufactured housing unit.</li> </ul>



**Subtitle C—Miscellaneous**

**SEC. 6305. NEW, MOBILE, AND EXPANDED MEAT PROCESSING AND RENDERING GRANTS.**

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term “eligible entity” means

...

(B) an Indian Tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 53))

(C) a land-grant college or university as defined in section 1404 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103));

...

(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are—

- (1) to create more resilient local and regional food systems;
- (2) to expand, diversify, and increase resilience in meat and poultry processing and rendering activities;
- (3) to increase farmer and rancher access to animal slaughter options;
- (4) to improve compliance of processors with livestock and poultry processing statutes (including regulations), including the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) and the Poultry Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 451 et seq.);
- (5) to reduce barriers to entry for new meat and poultry processors and renderers;
- (6) to establish new, or update, expand, or otherwise improve existing, meat and poultry processing and rendering

**Subtitle C—Miscellaneous**

**SEC. 6305. NEW, MOBILE, AND EXPANDED MEAT PROCESSING AND RENDERING GRANTS.**

- Directs the Secretary to award three year grants up to \$500,000 to eligible entities, including Tribes.
- Grant priority to small and very small businesses
- Authorizes \$3,000,000 for each fiscal year 2025-2029
- Grants can be used to:
  - identify and analyze business opportunities, including feasibility studies required for credit worthiness;
  - bring operation into compliance with applicable Federal, State, or local regulations;
  - conduct regional, community, and local economic development planning and coordination and leadership development;
  - incentivize new, innovative, or mobile enterprises for increasing or improving local and regional meat or poultry processing and rendering;
  - implement humane handling infrastructure, including holding space for livestock prior to slaughter, shade structures, and structures and equipment for humane slaughter;
  - develop a feasibility study or business plan for, or carry out any other activity associated with, establishing or expanding a small meat or poultry slaughter, processing rendering facility;





facilities; and

(7) to support the processing and slaughtering of niche production methods such as halal, kosher, and other specific cultural methods.

(c) GRANTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award grants to eligible entities to use in accordance with subsection (d).

(2) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The maximum amount of a grant awarded under paragraph (1) shall not exceed \$500,000.

(3) DURATION.—The term of a grant awarded under paragraph (1) shall not exceed 3 years.

(4) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall give priority to small establishments and very small establishments.

(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall use the grant to carry out activities in support of the purposes described in subsection (b), including activities—

(1) to identify and analyze business opportunities, including feasibility studies required for credit worthiness;

(2) to achieve compliance with applicable Federal, State, or local regulations;

(3) to conduct regional, community, and local economic development planning and coordination and leadership development;

(4) to incentivize new, innovative, or mobile enterprises for increasing or improving local and regional meat or poultry processing and rendering;

(5) to implement humane handling infrastructure, including holding space for livestock prior to slaughter, shade structures, and structures and equipment for humane

- purchase equipment that enables the further use or value-added sale of coproducts or byproducts such as cold storage and related equipment



<p>slaughter;</p> <p>(6) to develop a feasibility study or business plan for, or carry out any other activity associated with, establishing or expanding a small meat or poultry slaughter, processing, or rendering facility;</p> <p>(7) to purchase equipment that enables the further use or value-added sale of coproducts or byproducts; and</p> <p>(8) to purchase cold storage and related equipment.</p> <p>(e) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the activities carried out using a grant awarded under this section shall not exceed—</p> <p>(1) 90 percent in the case of a grant in the amount of \$100,000 or less; or</p> <p>(2) 75 percent in the case of a grant in an amount greater than \$100,000.</p> <p>(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$3,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 through 2029.</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle C—Miscellaneous</b>  <b>SEC. 6306. EXPANDING CHILDCARE IN RURAL AMERICA INITIATIVE.</b></p> <p>(a) DEFINITIONS.— In this section:</p> <p>(1) CHILDCARE.—</p> <p>(A) IN GENERAL.— The term “childcare” means any program that—</p> <p>(i) provides quality care and early education for children who have not yet entered first grade; and</p> <p>(ii) is operated by—</p> <p>...</p>	<p><b>Subtitle C—Miscellaneous</b>  <b>SEC. 6306. EXPANDING CHILDCARE IN RURAL AMERICA INITIATIVE.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Establishes the Expanding Childcare in Rural America initiative and includes Tribal childcare providers (Tribally operated or operated under Tribal law) as eligible for the program.</li> <li>○ Loans and grants under the program can be used to address the availability, quality, or cost of childcare.</li> </ul>



<p>(II) a childcare provider that, on the date of enactment of this Act—</p> <p>(aa) is licensed, regulated, or registered in the State, territory, or Indian Tribe in which the provider is located; and (bb) meets applicable State, Tribal, territorial, and local health and safety requirements.</p> <p>(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish an initiative, to be known as the “Expanding Childcare in Rural America Initiative”, under which the Secretary shall provide, for each of fiscal years 2025 through 2027, priority in accordance with subsection (c) to address the availability, quality, and cost of childcare in rural areas.</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle D—Additional Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act</b>  <b>SEC. 6402. RURAL WATER AND WASTEWATER CIRCUIT RIDER PROGRAM</b></p> <p>...</p> <p>“(E) ELIGIBLE PROJECT AREAS.—To receive assistance under the Rural Water and Wastewater Circuit Rider Program and carry out activities, an eligible entity must serve—</p> <p>    “(i) an area with a population of—</p> <p>        “(I) 10,000 or fewer inhabitants for technical assistance under sub14 paragraph (D)(ii); or</p> <p>        “(II) 50,000 or fewer inhabitants 16 for disaster and recovery assistance under subparagraph (D)(ii); and</p> <p>    “(ii) a public body, non-profit corporation, or Indian tribe with legal authority to own and operate the water facility.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Additional Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act</b>  <b>SEC. 6402. RURAL WATER AND WASTEWATER CIRCUIT RIDER PROGRAM</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Mandates that non-profit entities eligible for assistance under this program must serve areas with limited populations or Tribes with legal authority to own and operate their own water facility.</li> </ul>



<p><b>Subtitle D—Additional Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act</b>  <b>SEC. 6404. TRIBAL COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY ESSENTIAL COMMUNITY FACILITIES</b></p> <p>Section 306(a)(25)(C) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(25)(C)) is amended by striking “2008 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Additional Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act</b>  <b>SEC. 6404. TRIBAL COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY ESSENTIAL COMMUNITY FACILITIES</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Reauthorizes \$10,000,000 for the application of this program each fiscal year for fiscal years 2025-2029.</li> <li>○ Reauthorizes the TCU Essential Community Facilities program for fiscal years 2025-2029.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle D—Additional Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act</b>  <b>SEC. 6406. WATER SYSTEMS FOR RURAL AND NATIVE VILLAGES IN ALASKA.</b></p> <p>Section 306D(d)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926d(d)(1)) is amended by striking “2008 through 2023” and inserting “2025 18 through 2029”.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Additional Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act</b>  <b>SEC. 6406. WATER SYSTEMS FOR RURAL AND NATIVE VILLAGES IN ALASKA.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Reauthorizes availability of funds for fiscal years 2025-2029.</li> <li>○ Program allows Secretary to grant money to the benefit of rural or native villages for the development and construction of water and wastewater systems to improve the health and sanitation of those communities.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle D—Additional Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act</b>  <b>SEC. 6409. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT GRANTS.</b></p> <p>Section 310B(b) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(b)) is amended—</p> <p>(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “governments and related agencies” and inserting “governments, related agencies, and Indian tribes”; and</p> <p>(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “2014 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Additional Amendments to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act</b>  <b>SEC. 6409. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT GRANTS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Adds Tribes as eligible for Solid Waste Management Grants and extends the funding through fiscal year 2029.</li> </ul>



Title VII—Research	
<p><b>Subtitle A—National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977</b>  <b>SEC. 7107. EDUCATION GRANTS TO ALASKA NATIVE SERVING INSTITUTIONS AND NATIVE HAWAIIAN SERVING INSTITUTIONS.</b></p> <p>Section 1419B of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3156) is amended—</p> <p>(1) in subsection (a)—</p> <p>(A) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the following: “The term of such grants may be for a period of more than 1 year, but not more than 5 years.”; and</p> <p>(B) in paragraph (3), by striking “2023” and inserting “2029”; and</p> <p>(2) in subsection (b)—</p> <p>(A) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the following:“ The term of such grants may be for a period of more than 1 year, but not more than 5 years.”; and</p> <p>(B) in paragraph (3), by striking “2023” and inserting “2029”.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle A—National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977</b>  <b>SEC. 7107. EDUCATION GRANTS TO ALASKA NATIVE SERVING INSTITUTIONS AND NATIVE HAWAIIAN SERVING INSTITUTIONS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Creates a limit of five years which a grant may be authorized for Native Alaskan and Native Hawaiian serving institutions.</li> <li>○ Authorizes grant funding through fiscal year 2029.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle A—National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977</b>  <b>SEC. 7115. NEW BEGINNING FOR TRIBAL STUDENTS.</b></p> <p>Section 1450 of the National Agricultural Research,</p>	<p><b>Subtitle A—National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977</b>  <b>SEC. 7115. NEW BEGINNING FOR TRIBAL STUDENTS.</b></p>



<p>Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 4 3222e) is amended—</p> <p>(1) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (5); and (2) in subsection (d), by striking “2023” and 8 inserting “2029”.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Removes cap of \$500,000 maximum total award per state.</li> <li>○ Authorizes appropriation of funds through fiscal year 2029.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Title VIII—Forestry</b></p>	
<p><b>Subtitle B—Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003</b> <b>Sec. 8201 DEFINITION OF AT-RISK COMMUNITY</b></p> <p>Section 101(1) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6511(1)) is amended to read as follows:</p> <p>“(1) AT-RISK COMMUNITY.—The term ‘at-risk community’ means an area that is comprised of—</p> <p>“(A) an interface community as defined in the notice entitled ‘Wildland Urban Interface Communities Within the Vicinity of Federal Lands That Are at High Risk From Wildfire’ issued by the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with title IV of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001(114 Stat. 1009) (66 Fed. Reg. 753, January 4, 2001); or “(B) a group of homes or other structures with basic infrastructure and services (such as utilities and collectively maintained transportation routes) at risk from wildfire as recognized by a local, State, regional, Tribal, territorial, or national wildfire risk assessment.”.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle B—Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003</b> <b>Sec. 8201 DEFINITION OF AT-RISK COMMUNITY</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Amends the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 to give Tribal wildfire risk assessments the ability to recognize a group of homes or other structures with basic infrastructure and services as at risk from wildfire for the purposes of this program.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle C—Other Forestry Programs</b> <b>SEC. 8301 NATIONAL AND REGIONAL AGROFORESTRY</b></p>	<p><b>Subtitle C—Other Forestry Programs</b></p>



<p><b>CENTERS</b>  Section 1243 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 1642 note; Public Law 101–624) is amended—</p> <p>...</p> <p>(D) by adding at the end, the following:  “(3) facilitate agroforestry adoption by disseminating comprehensive information on Federal, State, local, and Tribal programs that provide support for agroforestry.”</p>	<p><b>SEC. 8301 NATIONAL AND REGIONAL AGROFORESTRY CENTERS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Replaces the “Semi-arid Agroforestry Research Development and Demonstration Center” with the “National and Regional Agroforestry Centers.”</li> <li>○ Centers to facilitate agroforestry adoption by disseminating comprehensive information on Federal, State, local, and Tribal programs that provide support for Agroforestry.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle C—Other Forestry Programs</b>  <b>SEC. 8305 REFORESTATION, NURSERY, AND SEED ORCHARD SUPPORT</b></p> <p>(a) PARTNERSHIPS, COLLABORATION, AND OTHER ASSISTANCE IN SUPPORT OF NURSERIES AND SEED ORCHARDS.—The Secretary, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service, shall—</p> <p>(1) partner with Federal and State agencies, Indian Tribes, private nurseries, and other relevant entities to provide training, technical assistance, and research to nursery and tree establishment programs that support natural regeneration, reforestation, agroforestry, and afforestation;</p> <p>(2) promote information sharing to improve the technical knowledge, practices, and understanding of the demands, climate change impacts, and other issues necessary to address all facets of the reforestation pipeline;</p> <p>(3) provide technical and financial assistance to international nursery and tree establishment programs</p>	<p><b>Subtitle C—Other Forestry Programs</b>  <b>SEC. 8305 REFORESTATION, NURSERY, AND SEED ORCHARD SUPPORT</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Directs USDA to partner with Tribes to provide training, technical assistance, and research to nursery and tree establishment programs supporting natural regeneration, reforestation, agroforestry, and afforestation; promote information sharing; and provide technical and financial assistance to international nursery and tree establishment programs</li> <li>○ Includes Tribes as eligible entities</li> <li>○ Authorizes \$5,000,000 for each fiscal year through fiscal year 2029</li> </ul>



through—

(A) international programs conducted by the Forest Service pursuant to the International Forestry Cooperation Act of 1990 (16 2 U.S.C. 4501 et seq.)

...

(b) NURSERY AND SEED ORCHARD FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish a program to provide grants to eligible recipients to support nurseries and seed orchards.

(2) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—The Secretary may make a grant under this subsection to an eligible recipient for a project to carry out at least one of the following:

(A) Develop, expand, enhance, or improve nursery production capacity or other infrastructure to—  
(i) improve seed collection, processing, and storage;

(ii) increase seedling production, storage, and distribution; or

(iii) enhance seedling survival and properly manage tree genetic resources.

(B) Establish, improve, or expand a nursery or seed orchard, including by acquiring nursery equipment for such nursery or seed orchard.

(C) Develop or implement quality control measures at nurseries or seed orchards.

(D) Promote workforce development within any facet of the reforestation pipeline.

(E) Carry out such other activity as the Secretary determines appropriate.





<p>(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:</p> <p>(1) ELIGIBLE RECIPIENT.—The term “eligible recipient” means—</p> <p>(A) a State forestry agency;</p> <p>(B) an Indian Tribe;</p> <p>(C) a private nursery that has experience growing high-quality native trees of appropriate genetic sources in bareroot or container stock types specific for reforestation, restoration, or conservation, including native plants and seeds that are of cultural significance to Indian Tribes;</p> <p>...</p> <p>(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 through 2029.</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b>  <b>SEC. 8412 GOOD NEIGHBOR AUTHORITY</b></p> <p>(a) TREATING TRIBES AND COUNTIES AS GOOD NEIGHBORS.—Section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) is amended—</p> <p>(1) in subsection (a)(6), by striking “or Indian tribe”;</p> <p>(2) in subsection (b)—</p> <p>(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting “,Indian tribe,”</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b>  <b>SEC. 8412 GOOD NEIGHBOR AUTHORITY</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Expressly identifies Tribes as eligible entities for Good Neighbor Authority agreements.</li> <li>○ Authorizes Tribes to retain funds from the sale of timber under GNA to first, carry out authorized restoration services under the good neighbor agreement and, if there are remaining funds, to carry out, authorized</li> </ul>



<p>after "Governor";</p> <p>(B) in paragraph (2)(C), by striking clause (i) and inserting the following:</p> <p>“(i) IN GENERAL.—Funds received used by the Governor, Indian tribe, or county, ... as applicable—</p> <p>“(I) to carry out authorized restoration services under the good neighbor agreement; and</p> <p>“(II) if there are funds remaining after carrying out subclause (I), to carry out authorized restoration services under other good neighbor agreements.”;</p> <p>(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting “, Indian tribe,” after “Governor”; and</p> <p>(D) by striking paragraph (4).</p> <p>(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 8206(a) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a(a)) is amended</p> <p>(1) in paragraph (1)(B), by inserting “, Indian tribe,” after “Governor”; and</p> <p>(2) in paragraph (5), by inserting “, Indian tribe,” after “Governor”.</p> <p>(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section apply to any project initiated pursuant to a good neighbor agreement (as defined in section 8206(a) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a(a)))—</p> <p>(1) before the date of enactment of this Act, if the project was initiated after the date of enactment of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–334; 132 Stat. 4490); or</p> <p>(2) on or after the date of enactment of this Act.</p> <p>from the sale of timber by a Governor, an Indian tribe, or a county under a good neighbor agreement shall be retained and</p>	<p>restoration services under other good neighbor agreements.</p>
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<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b>  <b>SEC. 8413 COLLABORATIVE FOREST LANDSCAPE RESTORATION PROGRAM</b></p> <p>Section 4003 of the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 (16 U.S.C. 7303) is amended—</p> <p>...</p> <p>“(H) proposals that seek to reduce the risk of uncharacteristic wildfire or increase ecological restoration activities—</p> <p>    “(i) within areas across land ownerships, including State, Tribal, and private land; and</p> <p>    “(ii) within the wildland-urban interface; and</p> <p>“(I) proposals that seek to enhance watershed health and drinking water sources.”; and</p> <p>    (B) in paragraph (3)—</p> <p>        (i) by amending subparagraph</p> <p>            (A) 4 proposals in any 1 region of the National Forest System to be funded during any fiscal year; and”;</p> <p>        (ii) by striking subparagraph (B); and</p> <p>        (iii) by redesignating subparagraph</p> <p>            (C) as subparagraph (B); and</p> <p>    (3) in subsection (f)(6), by striking “2019 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b>  <b>SEC. 8413 COLLABORATIVE FOREST LANDSCAPE RESTORATION PROGRAM</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Authorizes new proposals to reduce the risk of wildfire within areas across Tribal lands</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b>  <b>SEC. 8414 PUBLIC-PRIVATE WILDFIRE TECHNOLOGY DEPLOYMENT AND TESTBED PARTNERSHIP</b></p> <p>...</p> <p>(2) COVERED AGENCY.—The term “covered agency” means—</p> <p>...</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b>  <b>SEC. 8414 PUBLIC-PRIVATE WILDFIRE TECHNOLOGY DEPLOYMENT AND TESTBED PARTNERSHIP</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Establishes a deployment and testbed pilot program for new wildfire prevention, detection, communication, and mitigation technologies.</li> </ul>



<p>(K) the Bureau of Indian Affairs; and ....</p> <p>b) DEPLOYMENT AND TESTBED PILOT PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretaries, in coordination with the heads of the covered agencies, shall establish a deployment and testbed pilot program for new and innovative wildfire prevention, detection, communication, and mitigation technologies.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ The Bureau of Indian Affairs is included as a “covered agency” that will coordinate in establishing and deploying the program</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b> <b>SEC. 8418. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS FOR PRESCRIBED FIRE.</b></p> <p>(a) AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS FOR PRESCRIBED FIRE.— I) Authorization - The Secretary, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Defense may each enter into a cooperative agreement or contract with an eligible entity, for a period of less than or equal to 10 years, that authorizes the eligible entity to coordinate, plan, or conduct a prescribed fire on Federal land or to conduct a prescribed fire training event.</p> <p><b>“SEC. 3. TRIBAL PRESCRIBED BURN DEMONSTRATION PROJECT</b> (a) IN GENERAL.—The contract or agreement with an Indian tribe under this Act that provides for prescribed burns on Federal land under the additional authorities provided in this section.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b> <b>SEC. 8418. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS FOR PRESCRIBED FIRE.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Amends the Tribal Forest Protection Act of 2004 and authorizes the Secretary to enter into contracts or agreements with Tribes providing for prescribed burns on federal lands.</li> <li>○ Agreements under this section may: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Eliminate the need for individual burn plans by approving broad burn plans that enable forest managers to have the flexibility to conduct prescribed burns when conditions allow</li> <li>○ Authorize the Secretary to delegate their authority to an Indian tribe to plan, co-ordinate, and execute prescribed burns.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



<p>(b) SCOPE OF CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT.—Contracts or agreements entered into under this section may, notwithstanding any other provision of law—</p> <p>(1) utilize burn plans that, once approved by the Secretary, allow multiple prescribed burns to be conducted in accordance with the burn plan to eliminate the need for individual burn plans for each prescribed burn and enable forest managers to have the flexibility to conduct prescribed burns when conditions allow; and</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b>  <b>SEC. 8433. FOREST AND WOOD PRODUCTS DATA TRACKER.</b></p> <p>a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service, in collaboration with the Chief of the Natural Resources Conservation Service and in consultation with federally-recognized Indian Tribes, State foresters, and private sector partners, shall establish a publicly available platform to provide measurement, monitoring, verification, and reporting data regarding the carbon emissions, sequestration, storage, and related atmospheric impacts of forest management and wood products.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle D—Forest Management</b>  <b>SEC. 8433. FOREST AND WOOD PRODUCTS DATA TRACKER.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Requires the Secretary in consultation with federally recognized Indian Tribes, establish a publicly available platform to provide measurement, monitoring, verification, and reporting data regarding the carbon emissions, sequestration, storage, and related atmospheric impacts of forest management and wood products.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle E—Save Our Sequoias</b>  <b>SEC. 8502 DEFINITIONS</b>      ...</p> <p>17) TRIBE.—The term “Tribe” means the Tule River</p>	<p><b>Subtitle E—Save Our Sequoias</b>  <b>SEC. 8502 DEFINITIONS</b></p>



<p>Indian Tribe of the Tule River Reservation, California.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Limits the Save Our Sequoias Act to the Tule River Indian Tribe.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Subtitle E—Save Our Sequoias</b></p> <p><b>SEC. 8503. SHARED STEWARDSHIP AGREEMENT FOR GIANT 2 SEQUOIAS.</b></p> <p>(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after receiving a request from the Governor of the State of California or the Tribe, the Secretary shall enter into or expand an existing shared stewardship agreement or enter into a similar agreement with the Secretary, the Governor of the State of California, and the Tribe to jointly carry out the short-term and long-term management and conservation of giant sequoias.</p> <p>(b) PARTICIPATION.—</p> <p>(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary has not received a request from the Governor of the State of California or the Tribe under subsection (a) before the date that is 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall enter into the agreement under subsection (a) and jointly implement such agreement with the Secretary.</p> <p>(2) FUTURE PARTICIPATION. —If the Secretary receives a request from the Governor of the State of California or the Tribe any time after entering into the agreement with the Secretary under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall accept the Governor of the State of California or the Tribe as a party to such agreement.</p>	<p><b>Subtitle E—Save Our Sequoias</b></p> <p><b>SEC. 8503. SHARED STEWARDSHIP AGREEMENT FOR GIANT 2 SEQUOIAS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Requires the Secretary to enter or expand a shared stewardship agreement with the Governor of California and the Tribe for managing and conserving giant sequoias within 90 days of receiving a request.</li> <li>○ If no request is received within 90 days after the Act's enactment, the Secretary must still create the agreement and implement it.</li> <li>○ If a request is received later from the Governor or the Tribe, the Secretary must include them in the agreement.</li> </ul>



### **Subtitle E—Save Our Sequoias**

#### **SEC. 8504. GIANT SEQUOIA LANDS COALITION**

(a) CODIFICATION. —The Coalition is the entity established under the charter titled “Giant Sequoia Lands Coalition Charter” (or successor charter) signed during the period beginning June 2, 2022, and ending August 2, 2022, by each of the following:

(1) The National Park Service, representing Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks.

(2) The National Park Service, representing Yosemite National Park.

(3) The Forest Service, representing Sequoia National Forest and Giant Sequoia National Monument.

(4) The Forest Service, representing Sierra National Forest.

(5) The Forest Service, representing Tahoe National Forest.

(6) The Bureau of Land Management, representing Case Mountain Extensive Recreation Management Area.

(7) The Tribe, representing the Tule River Indian Reservation.

(8) The State of California, representing Calaveras Big Trees State Park.

(9) The State of California, representing Mountain Home Demonstration State Forest.

(10) The University of California, Berkeley, representing Whitaker’s Research Forest.

(11) The County of Tulare, California, representing Balch Park. (b) DUTIES.—In addition to the duties specified in the charter referenced in subsection (a), the Coalition shall— (

(1) produce the Assessment under section 8505;

### **Subtitle E—Save Our Sequoias**

#### **SEC. 8504. GIANT SEQUOIA LANDS COALITION**

- Recognizes the Giant Sequoias Lands Coalition and outlines the duty of the coalition and the secretary.



<p>(2) observe implementation, and provide policy recommendations to the Secretary concerned, with respect to—</p> <p>(A) Protection Projects carried out under section 8506; and</p> <p>(B) the Strategy established under section 8507;</p> <p>(3) facilitate collaboration and coordination on Protection Projects, particularly projects that cross jurisdictional boundaries;</p> <p>(4) facilitate information sharing, including best available science as described in section 8505(c) and mapping resources; and</p> <p>(5) support the development and dissemination of educational materials and programs that inform the public about the threats to the health and resiliency of giant sequoia groves and actions being taken to reduce the risk to such groves from high severity wildfire, insects, and drought.</p> <p>(c) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT, TECHNICAL SERVICES, AND STAFF SUPPORT. —The Secretary shall make personnel of the Department of the Interior available to the Coalition for administrative support, technical services, development and dissemination of educational materials, and staff support that the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this section</p>	
<p><b>Subtitle E—Save Our Sequoias</b></p> <p><b>SEC. 8510. GOOD NEIGHBOR AUTHORITY FOR GIANT SEQUOIAS.</b></p> <p>...</p> <p>(ii) SPECIAL RULE FOR CERTAIN NATIONAL PARKS.—Funds received from the sale of timber by a</p>	<p><b>Subtitle E—Save Our Sequoias</b></p> <p><b>SEC. 8510. GOOD NEIGHBOR AUTHORITY FOR GIANT SEQUOIAS.</b></p>





<p>Governor, an Indian tribe, or a county under a good neighbor agreement carried out within the boundaries of Kings Canyon National Park, Sequoia National Park, or Yosemite National Park shall be retained and used by the Governor, Indian tribe, or county, as applicable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(I) to carry out authorized restoration services under such good neighbor agreement;</li> <li>(II) if there are funds remaining after carrying out the services under clause (i), to carry out authorized restoration services under other good neighbor agreements within the boundaries of the park unit in which the initial good neighbor agreement occurred; and</li> <li>(III) if there are no further good neighbor agreements to carry out under clause (ii), to transfer to the park unit in which the initial good neighbor agreement occurred to be used for giant sequoia conservation and management.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Mandates funds obtained by Tribes through the sale of timber under Good Neighbor Authority (GNA) within Kings Canyon, Sequoia, or Yosemite National Park be used by the Tribe to first carry out restoration services under the GNA, then carry out restoration services under another GNA within park boundaries, and if funding remains to transfer it to the park to be used for giant sequoia restoration</li> </ul>
<p><b>Title IX—Energy</b></p>	
<p><b>Sec. 9007. RURAL ENERGY FOR AMERICA PROGRAM</b></p> <p>Section 9007 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8107) is amended—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(B) in paragraph (3)— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows: in subsection (c)— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“(A) GRANTS.— With respect to grants made under paragraph (1)(A)(i), the amount of the grant shall not</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p><b>Sec. 9007. RURAL ENERGY FOR AMERICA PROGRAM</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Allows for 50% funding of project for socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher which includes Tribal producers, over the 35% cap for all other recipients</li> </ul>



<p>exceed—</p> <p>(i) 50 percent of the cost of the activity carried out using funds from the grant for</p> <p>(I). A beginning farmer or rancher, a socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher, or a veteran farmer or rancher (as those terms are defined in section 2501(a) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation and Trade Act of 1990 (7 USC 2279(a)))</p>	
<p><b>Title X—Horticulture</b></p>	
<p><b>Subtitle A—Horticulture</b>  <b>SEC. 10004 OFFICE OF URBAN AGRICULTURE AND INNOVATIVE PRODUCTION</b></p> <p>Section 222 of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6923) is amended—</p> <p>(1) in subsection (a)(3)—</p> <p>(D) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following:</p> <p>“(E) using the resources of the Department and of State, Tribal, and local agencies to provide technical assistance for business incorporation, navigating local zoning, and managing farm tract numbers for smaller, noncontiguous parcels to growers implementing activities described in paragraph (3);</p> <p>“(F) using the resources of the Department and of State, Tribal, and local agencies to promote conservation techniques unique to urban agriculture</p>	<p><b>Subtitle A—Horticulture</b>  <b>SEC. 10004 OFFICE OF URBAN AGRICULTURE AND INNOVATIVE PRODUCTION</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Expands the Mission of the Office of Urban Agriculture and Innovation to include Using the resources of the Department and of State, Tribal, and local agencies to promote conservation techniques unique to urban agriculture and innovative production.</li> <li>○ Expands grant-making authority by allowing eligible entities who have received a grant from the Department to then provide sub-grant to urban and innovative producers.</li> <li>○ Includes tribal organizations as eligible entities.</li> <li>○ Allows the Director to enter into cooperative agreements with eligible entities.</li> </ul>



and innovative production, including techniques that address stormwater runoff and the impacted nature of urban land and the subsurface of the land;

“(G) assisting urban and innovative producers in navigating Federal, State, Tribal, and local policies and regulations that impact business or operations;

...

“(C) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES. —An entity eligible to receive a grant under subparagraph (A) is—

“(i) a nonprofit organization;

“(ii) a unit of local government;

“(iii) a Tribal organization;

“(iv) an agricultural cooperative or other agricultural business entity or a producer network or association;

or

“(v) a school that serves any of grade’s kindergarten through grade 12.

“(2) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS. —

“(A) IN GENERAL. —The Director May 25 enter into cooperative agreements with eligible entities to support the development of urban and innovative agricultural production.

...

“(B) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—An entity eligible to enter into cooperative agreements under subparagraph (A) is—

“(i) a nonprofit organization;

“(ii) a unit of local government;

“(iii) a Tribal organization; or

“(iv) an agricultural cooperative or other agricultural business entity or a producer network or association.”;

(4) in subsection (d)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “PILOT”;



<p>(B) by striking “pilot” each place it appears in paragraphs (1) and (2);</p> <p>(C) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking “Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall establish a pilot program for not fewer than 5 years that” and inserting “The Secretary shall continue to implement a program that”;</p> <p>(D) in paragraph (1)(C), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking “2023” and inserting “2029”; and</p> <p>(E) in paragraph (2)—</p> <p>(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “and construct at-scale composting or anaerobic digestion food waste-to-energy projects” before the period at the end; and</p> <p>(ii) in subparagraph (B)—</p> <p>(I) in the subparagraph heading, strike “PILOT”;</p> <p>(II) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting “Tribal governments,” after “local governments,”;</p> <p>(III) by redesignating clauses (vi) through (viii) as clauses (vii) through (ix), respectively; and</p> <p>(IV) by inserting after clause (v) the following: “(vi) develop food waste-to-energy operations;”;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(5) in subsection (e), by striking “2023” and inserting “2029”.</p>	
<p><b>SEC. 10006. HEMP PRODUCTION.</b></p>	<p><b>SEC. 10006. HEMP PRODUCTION.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○</li> <li>○</li> </ul>



(a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 297A of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1639o) is amended—

— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (6) as paragraphs (4) through (8), respectively; and

— (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

“(1) HEMP.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘hemp’ means the plant *Cannabis sativa* L. and any part of that plant, including the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers whether growing or not, with a total tetrahydrocannabinolic acid) of not more than 0.3 percent in the plant on a dry weight basis.

“(B) EXCLUSIONS.—Such term does not include—

“(i) any viable seeds from a *Cannabis sativa* L. plant that exceeds a total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration (including tetrahydrocannabinolic acid) of 0.3 percent in the plant on a dry weight basis; or containing—

“(ii) any hemp-derived cannabinoid products containing -

“(I) cannabinoids that are not capable of being naturally produced by a *Cannabis sativa* L. plant;

“(II) cannabinoids that—

“(aa) are capable of being naturally produced by a *Cannabis sativa* L. plant; and

“(bb) were synthesized or manufactured outside the plant; or

“(III) quantifiable amounts (as determined by the Secretary) of—

“(aa) tetrahydrocannabinol

- The Committee voted in favor of Amendment #35 during markup which changes the definition of hemp in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 to only include naturally occurring, naturally derived, and non-intoxicating cannabinoids of not more than 0.3%.
- Requires Tribal hemp plans to require producers to designate their hemp crop as industrial hemp, hemp grown for cannabinoid extraction, or both
- Requires hemp producers to provide documentation demonstrating clear intent to produce and use in-field practices consistent with production of industrial hemp in instances where a Tribal Hemp Plan calls for reducing or eliminating sampling or testing requirements. Requires producers to conduct testing if documentation is not provided.
- Preserves Tribe's ability to require other practices or procedures in their hemp plans.
- Authorizes Tribes to incorporate other methods of sampling plans for industrial hemp producers.
- Authorizes Tribal hemp plans to establish a procedure to eliminate the 10-year period of ineligibility for producers convicted of a felony if they are producing industrial hemp.
- Requires Tribes to report producers who have violated the Tribal Hemp Plan and producers who produce a crop inconsistent with designation of industrial hemp to the Attorney General and the Tribe's Chief Law Enforcement Office



(including tetrahydrocannabinolic acid); or  
“(bb) any other cannabinoids that have similar effects (or are marketed to have similar effects) on humans or animals as tetrahydrocannabinol (as determined by the Secretary).”;

“(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (6) as paragraphs (4) through (8), respectively;

“(23) HEMP GROWN FOR CANNABINOID EXTRACTION.—The term ‘hemp grown for cannabinoid extraction’ means any hemp grown for purposes of extracting cannabinoids intended for human or animal consumption, inhalation, or topical use.

“(3) INDUSTRIAL HEMP.—The term ‘industrial hemp’ means hemp—

“(A) grown for the use of the stalk of the plant, fiber produced from such a stalk, or any other non-cannabinoid derivative, mixture, preparation, or manufacture of such a stalk;

“(B) grown for the use of the whole grain, oil, cake, nut, hull, or any other noncannabinoid compound, derivative, mixture, preparation, or manufacture of the seeds of such plant;

“(C) that is an immature hemp plant intended for human consumption;

“(D) that is a plant that does not enter the stream of commerce and is intended to support hemp research at an institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) or an independent research institute; or

“(E) grown for the use of a viable seed of the plant produced solely for the production or manufacture of any material described in subparagraphs (A) through (D).”.



(b) STATE AND TRIBAL PLANS.—Section 297B of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1639p) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (A)—

(I) by redesignating clauses (ii) through (vii) as clauses (iii) through (viii), respectively;

(II) by inserting after clause (i) the following:

(ii) a procedure under which a hemp producer shall be required to designate the type of production of the hemp

producer as—

“(I) industrial hemp;

“(II) hemp grown for cannabinoid extraction; or

“(III) industrial hemp and hemp grown for cannabinoid extraction;” and

— (III) in clause (iii), as redesignated by clause (i) of this subparagraph, by inserting “except as provided in subparagraph (B)(i),” before “a procedure”; and

— (III) in clause (iii), as redesignated by clause (i) of this subparagraph—

“(aa) by inserting “except as provided in subparagraph (B)(i),” before “a procedure”; and

“(bb) by striking “delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration” and inserting “total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration (including tetrahydrocannabinolic acid)”

(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking “include any other practice” and inserting the following: “include—



“(i) notwithstanding subparagraph (A)(iii), a procedure for the use of visual inspections, performance-based sampling methodologies, certified seed, or a similar procedure when developing sampling plans for any producer who elects to be designated as a producer of industrial hemp under subparagraph (A)(ii)(I)

“(ii) notwithstanding subsection (e)(3)(B)(i), a procedure for eliminating the 10-year period of ineligibility following the date of conviction for a felony related to a controlled substance for producers who elect to be designated as producers of industrial hemp under subparagraph (A)(ii); and

“(iii) any other practice”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(4) INSPECTION OF INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCERS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—If a State or **Tribal plan** referred to in paragraph (1) Includes procedures for reducing or eliminating sampling or testing requirements under paragraph (2)(B)(i) for a producer of industrial hemp, the State or **Indian tribe** shall require the producer to provide documentation that demonstrates a clear intent to produce, and use in-field practices consistent with production of, industrial hemp, such as a seed tag, sales contract, Farm Service Agency report, harvest technique, or harvest inspection.”

(B) TESTING.—If a producer fails to provide the documentation required under subparagraph (A), the State or **Indian tribe** involved shall require the producer to conduct the testing described in paragraph (2)(A)(iii).”; **and**

“(2) in subsection (c)(2)(A)(iii), by striking “delta-9” and all that follows through “percent” and inserting the following “total tetrahydrocannabinolic acid) of not more than 0.3





percent in the plant”; and

(2) in subsection (e)(3)—

(A) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) REPORTING.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a State department of agriculture or a Tribal government with respect to which a State or Tribal plan is approved under subsection (b), such State department of agriculture or Tribal government (as applicable) shall immediately report a hemp producer to the Attorney General, and, as applicable, the chief law enforcement officer of the State or Indian tribe, if the State department of agriculture or Tribal government (as applicable) determines that the hemp producer has—“(I) violated the State or Tribal plan with a culpable mental state greater than negligence; or“(II) violated the State or Tribal plan by producing a crop that is inconsistent with the designation of industrial hemp under subsection (a)(2)(A)(ii).

“(ii) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to—

“(I) a violation described in subclause (I) of clause (i);

or

“(II) the production of a crop inconsistent with its designation, as described in subclause (II) of such clause.”; (B) in subparagraph (B), by amending clause (ii) to read as follows:

“(ii) EXCEPTION.—Clause (i) shall not apply to any person growing hemp that designates the type of production as industrial hemp under subsection (a)(2)(A)(ii) if—

“(I) the State or **Tribal plan** approved under subsection (b) includes a procedure described in subsection (a)(2)(B)(ii); or



“(II) the plan established by the Secretary under section 297C includes a procedure described in subsection (a)(2)(B)(ii) of such section.”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) PRODUCTION INCONSISTENT WITH INDUSTRIAL HEMP DESIGNATION.—Any person who knowingly produces a crop that is inconsistent with the designation of industrial hemp under subsection (a)(2)(A)(ii) shall be ineligible to participate in the program established under this section for a period of 5 years beginning on the date of the violation.”.

(c) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.—Section 297C of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1639q) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking “paragraph (1) shall” and all that follows through “practice to maintain” and inserting the following: “paragraph (1)—

“(A) shall include—

“(i) a practice to maintain”;

(ii) in subparagraph (C), by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as subclauses (I) and (II), respectively, and moving the margins of such subclauses (as so redesignated) two ems to the right;

(iii) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) through (E) as clauses (iii) through (vi), respectively, and moving the margins of such clauses (as so redesignated) two ems to the right;

(iv) by inserting after clause (i) (as designated by clause (i) of this subparagraph) the following:



“(ii) a procedure under which the Secretary shall require a hemp producer to designate the type of production of the hemp producer as—

“(I) only industrial hemp; or

“(II) hemp grown for any purpose other than industrial hemp;”;

(v) in clause (iii) (as redesignated by clause (iii) of this subparagraph), but inserting, “except as provided in subparagraph (B)(i),” before “a procedure”;

“(v)” in clause (iii) (as redesignated by clause (iii) of this subparagraph —

“(I) By inserting “except as provided in subparagraph(B)(i),” before “a procedure”; and

“(II) by striking “delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration” and inserting “total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration (including tetrahydrocannabinolic acid)”;

(vi) by striking subparagraph (F); and

(vii) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) may include—

“(i) notwithstanding subparagraph (A)(iii), a procedure for the use of visual inspections, performance-based sampling methodologies, certified seed, or a similar procedure when developing sampling plans for any producer who elects to be designated as a producer of only industrial hemp under subparagraph (A)(ii);

“(ii) notwithstanding section 297B(e)(3)(B)(i), a procedure for eliminating the 10-year period of ineligibility following the date of conviction for a felony related to a controlled substance for producers who elect to be



designated as producers of only industrial hemp under subparagraph (A)(ii); and

“(iii) such other practices or procedures as the Secretary considers to be appropriate, to the extent that the practice or procedure is consistent with this subtitle.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) INSPECTIONS OF INDUSTRIAL HEMP PRODUCERS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—If a plan referred to in paragraph (1) includes procedures for reducing or eliminating sampling or testing requirements under paragraph (2)(B)(i) for a producer of only industrial hemp, the Secretary shall require the producer to provide documentation that demonstrates a clear intent to produce, and use in-field practices consistent with production of, industrial hemp, such as a seed tag, sales contract, Farm Service Agency report, harvest technique, or harvest inspection.

“(B) TESTING.—If a producer fails to provide the appropriate documentation required under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall require the producer to conduct the testing described in paragraph (2)(A)(iii).”; and

(2) in subsection (d)(2)—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as clauses (ii) and

(iii), respectively;

(ii) by inserting before clause (ii) (as so redesignated), the following:



“(i) the designation of the type of production of the hemp producers under section 297B(a)(2)(A)(ii) or under subsection (a)(2)(A)(ii) of this section;” and  
(iii) in clause (iii), (as so redesignated), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and  
(C) by adding at the end the following:  
“(D) the laboratory certificate of analysis for hemp disposed of under section 297B(a)(2)(A)(iv) or subsection (a)(2)(A)(iv) of this section.”.

(d) REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES; EFFECT ON OTHER LAW.—Section 297D of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1639r) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES” and inserting “ADMINISTRATION, REGULATIONS, AND GUIDELINES”; and

(2) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “PROMULGATION OF REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES” and inserting “ADMINISTRATION, REGULATIONS, AND GUIDELINES”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) LABORATORY ACCREDITATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, shall establish a process by which the Department of Agriculture can issue certificates of accreditation to laboratories for the purposes of testing hemp in accordance with this subtitle.”.



### **Subtitle C—Regulatory Reform**

#### **Part II – Other Regulatory Reform Provisions Sec. 10213 SAFE HARBOR FOR CERTAIN DISCHARGES OF WILDLAND FIRE CHEMICALS**

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), no court may enjoin under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) a covered entity from conducting an aerial application of a covered fire retardant and water enhancer for wildfire suppression, control, or prevention activities that results in a discharge, if such aerial application is conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Facility Compliance Agreement between the Environmental Protection Agency and the U.S. Forest Service, as agreed to on February 16, 2023.

(b) PERIOD OF APPLICATION.—Subsection (a) shall apply to any aerial application described in such subsection that is conducted before the effective date of a permit issued by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency or a State, as applicable, under section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1342) that authorizes the discharge, from such aerial application, of a covered fire retardant and water enhancer for wildfire suppression, control, or prevention activities. (c) EFFECT. —Nothing in this section affects the authority of any court under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act with respect to any discharge resulting from an aerial application not conducted in accordance with the requirements described in subsection (a). (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) COVERED ENTITY.—The term “covered entity” means— (A) any Federal agency, agency of a State or political subdivision thereof, or Tribal agency, authorized by law

### **Subtitle C—Regulatory Reform**

#### **Part II – Other Regulatory Reform Provisions Sec. 10213 SAFE HARBOR FOR CERTAIN DISCHARGES OF WILDLAND FIRE CHEMICALS**

- Precluding courts from enjoining a covered entity, including Tribes, from applying fire retardant and water enhancer for wildfire suppression, control, prevention without 402 permit if in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Facility Compliance Agreement between the Environmental Protection Agency and the U.S. Forest Service, as agreed to on February 16, 2023.
- Tribes defined as a covered entity- Federal, State, Tribal agencies, or their agents.
- Authorized for unpermitted aerial fire retardant application for wildfire.



<p>to conduct an aerial application of fire retardants and water enhancers for wildfire suppression, control, or prevention activities; and (B) any contractor, subcontractor, or other agent of an agency described in subparagraph (A). (2) COVERED FIRE RETARDANT AND WATER ENHANCER. —The term “covered fire retardant and water enhancer” means a fire retardant and water enhancer that— (A) has been evaluated, qualified, and approved by the Secretary; and (B) appears on the most current Forest Service Qualified Products List. (3) DISCHARGE; STATE. —The terms “discharge” and “State” have the meanings given those terms in section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1362). (e) SUNSET. —This section shall cease to be effective on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment 18 of this section.</p>	
<p><b>Title XI—Crop Insurance</b></p>	
<p>No Tribal specific provisions.</p>	<p>No Tribal specific provisions.</p>
<p><b>Title XII—Miscellaneous</b></p>	
<p><b>SEC. 12207. FUNCTIONS OF THE OFFICE OF TRIBAL RELATIONS.</b></p> <p>...</p> <p>(2) oversee—</p> <p>“(A) each self-determination contract (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education</p>	<p><b>SEC. 12207. FUNCTIONS OF THE OFFICE OF TRIBAL RELATIONS.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Directs the Office of Tribal Relations to oversee all self-determination contracts and self-governance compacts between Tribes and USDA.</li> </ul>



<p>Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)) entered into between the Secretary and a tribal organization; and  “(B) each self-governance compact (as defined in section 401 of such Act (25 U.S.C. 5361)) entered into between the Secretary and an Indian tribe</p>	
<p><b>SEC. 12401. THRIFTY FOOD PLAN</b></p> <p>Section 3(u) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012(u)) is amended to read as follows:  “(4) ALLOWABLE COST ADJUSTMENTS. —On October 1 immediately following enactment of the Farm, Food, and National Security Act of 2024 and on each October 1 thereafter, the Secretary shall—  “(B) make cost adjustments in the thrifty food plan for urban and rural parts of Hawaii and urban and rural parts of Alaska to reflect the cost of food in urban and rural Hawaii and urban and rural Alaska provided such cost adjustment shall not exceed the rate of increase described in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor, for the most recent 12-month period ending in June;  a</p>	<p><b>SEC. 12401. THRIFTY FOOD PLAN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Requires the Secretary to make cost adjustments to the thrifty food plan reflect cost of food in urban and rural Hawaii and Alaska – adjustments limited to Consumer Price Index rate of increase for All Urban Consumers.</li> </ul>
<p><b>SEC. 12408. REPORTS ON LAND ACCESS AND FARMLAND OWNERSHIP DATA COLLECTION</b></p> <p>Section 12607 of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (7 U.S.C. 2204i) is amended—  in subsection (a)—  ...  (C) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and</p>	<p><b>SEC. 12408. REPORTS ON LAND ACCESS AND FARMLAND OWNERSHIP DATA COLLECTION</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Requires the Secretary to report to Congress every two years a catalog of Federal, State, and private programs related to carrying out Tribal consultation.</li> </ul>





(D) by adding at the end the following: “(4) a catalog of existing Federal, State, or private programs that facilitate access to land, capital, and markets, including programs providing assistance relating to“

...

(J) carrying out Tribal consultation